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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Luther H. Hodges, Secretary



UNITED STATES FOREIGN TRADE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
Richard M. Scommon, Director
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SUMMARY REPORT

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IMPORT TRADE BY COUNTRY

The Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce, announced today that the drop in United States general imports (unadjusted for seasonal variation) from \$1,233.5 million in August to \$1,176.3 million in September reflected decreases in imports from all areas except Letin American Republics, as follows: Canada, from \$288.4 to \$270.6 million; Western Europe, from \$328.0 to \$319.1 million; and "all other countries", from \$374.0 to \$335.1 million. Imports from Latin American Republics increased from \$243.2 million in August to \$251.5 million in September.

The Bureau stated further that, from August to September, decreases occurred in imports from sterling area countries, from \$213.6 to \$197.2 million and O.E.E.C. countries, from \$320.7 to \$313.7 million. Decreases were noted in imports from all continents except South America.

10n a seesonally-adjusted basis, total general imports were valued at \$1,249.0 million in September as compared to \$1,242.8 million in August. (See the September 1961 issue of Report No. FT 900-I.) Seasonally-adjusted data are not available by country of origin.

Imports from North America fell from \$387.2 million in August to \$362.5 million in September owing chiefly to the decrease in imports from Canada, as noted above, and to lesser decreases in imports from other individual countries of this continent as follows: Mexico, from \$37.3 to \$32.4 million and Netherlands Antilles, from \$22.0 to \$18.3 million. The decrease in imports from Asia, from \$242.6 to \$220.8 million, was primarily due to a drop in imports from Japan, from \$107.3 to \$94.3 million. Imports from Africa fell from \$47.5 to \$37.3 million mainly due to a drop in imports from Ghana, from \$7.8 to \$1.6 million.

The slight decrease in imports from Europe from \$334.4 million in August to \$327.1 million in September was largely due to decreases in imports from Italy, from \$36.8 to \$29.4 million and France, from \$40.8 to \$35.5 million. A drop in imports from Australia from \$21.9 to \$16.2 million accounted for the decrease in imports from Australia and Oceania, from \$33.4 to \$29.2 million.

During the period, imports from South America rose from \$188.5 to \$199.3 million reflecting increases in imports from Peru, from \$12.7 to \$18.0 million and Brazil, from \$53.2 to \$57.2 million.

EXPLANATION OF STATISTICS

COVERAGE: Import statistics include merchandise imported by government agencies as well as by private importers, but exclude American goods returned by the United States armed forces for their own use. United States trade with Puerto Rico and United States possessions is not included in this report but the import trade of Puerto Rico with foreign countries is included as a part of the United States import trade. Merchandise shipped in transit through the United States between foreign countries is not included in import statistics.

COUNTRY DEFINITION: Though the country which should be reported in the statistics as the country of origin is defined as the country where the merchandise was grown, mined or manufactured, the country actually shown in the statistics may in an number of cases represent some other country, such as the country of purchase, lading or the country in which mixed lots of various origin are consilidated. It follows, therefore, that imports from such merchanting or transshipment countries are likely to be overstated and imports from other countries correspondingly understated.

VALUATION: Import values are, in general, based on market price or selling price, and are, in general, f.o.b. the exporting country. They exclude United States import duties. None of the values have been adjusted for changes in price level.

EFFECT OF SAMPLING: Formal entry shipments valued less than \$100 and informal entry shipments valued \$250 or less (less than one percent of total import value) are estimated by sampling. The estimated values are included in the area, continent, and country totals in the table. The variability in the import figures due to sampling is no more than three percent or less than \$50,000. For further information regarding the sampling procedures, see the "Explanation of the Sampling Procedure for Estimating Low Valued Imports" in the foreword of Report No. FT 110. The largest variation from rounding of figures is \$50,000.

Further information regarding coverage, country definition, valuation, etc., is contained in the "General Explanation" in foreword of Report No. FT 110. For complete statement, see the foreword in Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States.

UNITED STATES GENERAL IMPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN: SEPTEMBER 1961 AND SELECTED PERIODS

(In millions of dollars. N.e.c. indicates not elsewhere classified. General imports are a total of imports for immediate consumption plus entries into bonded warehouses. Figures for 1961 are as originally issued and have not been revised to include published corrections. Figures for 1960 include revisions published with the December 1960 reports, or earlier, but do not include revisions published during 1961. See "Explanation of Statistics" for information on sampling procedures and effect thereof on the data shown.)

Continent and country1	September 1961	August 1961	September 1960	Monthly average 1960
Total trade	1,176.3	1,233.5	1,160.1	1,221.2
Western Europe Canada Latin American Republics All other countries	319.1 270.6 251.5 335.1	328.0 288.4 243.2 374.0	316.7 238.3 280.8 324.3	348.7 241.8 294.0 336.6
O.E.E.C. countries	313.7 197.2	320.7 213.6	310.0 194.2	340.9 203.5
North America	362.5	387.2	348.0	369.1
Greenland Canada (including Newfoundland and Labrador) Miquelon and St. Pierre Islands Mexico a Guatemala a British Honduras b El Salvador a Honduras a Nicaragua a Costa Rica a Republic of Panama a Canal Zone Bermuda b Bahamas b Cuba a Jamaica b Haiti a Dominican Republic a Leeward and Windward Islands b Barbados b Trinidad and Tobago b	0.2 270.6 (*) 32.4 2.1 0.1 2.3 1.9 1.3 2.2 2.1 (*) 0.1 1.0 4.0 6.2 1.4 7.2 0.1 (*) 9.0	0.4 288.4 (*) 37.3 2.1 0.2 2.7 2.4 1.0 3.1 1.8 0.1 0.6 2.3 7.7 1.7 4.7 0.2 6.6	0.2 238.3 0.1 44.3 2.4 0.1 1.1 3.8 1.1 3.0 2.1 0.3 0.1 0.3 7.9 8.3 2.5 7.1 0.1 (*)	0.1 241.8 (*) 36.9 4.9 0.2 2.7 2.8 1.7 2.9 2.0 0.3 0.1 0.7 29.8 4.5 1.5 9.2 0.1
Netherlands Antilles	18.3 0.1	22.0 1.9	19.0	22.1
South America	199.3	188.5	208.0	203.0
Colombia a. Venezuela a. British Guiana b. Surinam. French Guiana Ecuador a. Peru a. Bolivia a. Chile a. Brazil a. Paraguay a. Uruguay a. Argentina a. Falkland Islands b.	22.0 71.4 1.6 2.8 (*) 5.8 18.0 0.8 8.1 57.2 0.8 1.7 8.9	20.0 69.6 1.7 2.5 (*) 4.6 12.7 0.7 11.9 53.2 1.0 1.7 8.7	23.5 78.2 0.5 2.0 (*) 7.0 16.0 1.1 15.7 54.4 0.8 1.2 7.6	25.0 79.0 1.0 2.5 (*) 5.5 15.2 0.7 16.1 47.5 0.7 1.8 8.2
Europe	327.1	334.4	323.1	355.6
Iceland b,c,d. Sweden c,d. Norway c,d. Denmark c,d.	1.7 9.9 3.8 7.8	0.1 9.9 6.2 6.2	1.6 12.6 4.0 6.5	0.9 14.2 5.5 8.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Continent and country ¹	September 1961	August 1961	September 1960	Monthly average 1960
Europe—Continued United Kingdomb,c,d Ireland (Eire)b,c,d Netherlandsc,d Belgium and Luxembourgc,d Francec,d West Germanyc,d East Germany. Austriac,d Czechoslovakia Hungary Switzerlandc,d Finlandc Estonia Latvia. Lithuania Poland and Danzig. Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. Azores. Spainc,d Portugalc,d Gibraltarb Malta, Gozo, and Cyprusb Italyc,d Free Territory of Triestec,d Yugoslaviac	70.7 1.9 19.7 31.4 35.5 67.9 0.2 4.1 0.7 0.2 17.3 3.1 3.5 3.3 0.1 6.3 3.2 (*) 0.1 29.4 (*) 2.3	73.5 3.3 18.5 29.9 40.8 65.2 0.3 4.3 0.8 0.2 14.5 4.0 (*) 3.3 1.3 0.1 6.9 3.3 (*) 0.1 36.8	73.8 3.1 24.0 29.9 22.8 71.3 0.3 3.6 1.1 16.7 3.9 3.4 1.3 0.1 6.6 2.3 (*) (*) (*) 28.6 (*) 2.7	82.7 2.4 17.8 30.4 33.0 74.7 0.3 4.1 1.0 0.2 16.4 4.4 (*) (*) (*) 3.2 1.9 (*) 0.1 7.3 2.9 (*) 0.1 32.8 (*)
Yugoslavia ^c Albania. Greece ^{c,d} Rumania. Bulgaria. Turkey ^{c,d}	2.3 1.4 (*) (*) 1.7	0.9 0.2 (*) 0.5	(*) 1.2 (*) 0.1 1.3	(*) 2.8 0.1 0.1 5.0
Asia	220.8	242.6	215.7	226.7
United Arab Republic (Syria Region). Lebanon. Iraq (Mesopotamia). Iran (Persia). Israel. Palestine. Jordan ^b . Kuwait ^b . Saudi Arabia. Arabia Peninsula States, n.e.c. Aden ^b . State of Bahrein ^b . Afghanistan. India ^b . Pakistan ^b . Nepal. Ceylon ^b . Burma ^b . Thailand (Siam). Viet-Nam. Laos. Cambodia. Federation of Malaya ^b . Colony of Singapore; British Borneo ^b . Republic of Indonesia. Republic of the Philippines. Macao (Macau).	0.3 0.3 2.5 5.1 2.6 (*) 7.3 6.3 1.2 (*) 0.4 0.3 17.8 3.3 2.4 0.1 2.5 0.4 0.2 14.1 1.7 14.0 28.2 (*)	0.4 0.3 2.9 5.3 3.1 (*) 9.2 3.0 (*) (*) 0.1 18.0 2.5 2.8 0.2 3.1 0.3 0.4 13.6 2.6 14.4 31.0 (*)	0.4 0.2 4.0 3.6 2.6 0.1 7.9 5.0 (*) (*) 0.3 20.6 1.9 3.5 0.1 3.4 0.2 0.4 12.4 1.2.4 1.2.5 17.3 19.5 (*)	0.5 0.3 2.3 4.3 2.3 (*) (*) 10.3 5.4 0.4 (*) 0.2 1.7 19.0 3.0 (*) 3.0 (*) 3.0 (*) 3.0 (*)
Portuguese Asia, n.e.c	0.1 (*) 0.1	(*) (*)	(*) (*) 0.4	0.1 (*) (*) 0.2

See footnotes at end of table.



UNITED STATES GENERAL IMPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN: SEPTEMBER 1961 AND SELECTED PERIODS—Continued

Continent and country	September 1961	August 1961	September 1960	Monthly - average 1960
Asia—Continued				
North Korea Republic of Korea Hong Kong b Taiwan (Formosa) Japan Nansei and Nanpo Islands, n.e.c.	0.5 10.8 3.8 94.3 0.4	1.1 11.5 5.9 107.3 0.5	0.5 11.6 1.8 96.7 0.3	(*) 0.4 11.6 1.7 95.7 0.2
Australia and Oceania	29.2	33.4	21.7	22.2
Australia b New Guinea b New Zealand b British Western Pacific Islands b French Pacific Islands Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands	16.2 0.1 11.9 0.5 0.1	21.9 (*) 11.0 0.4 0.1 (*)	9.7 0.1 11.3 0.2 (*) 0.4	11.8 0.1 9.9 0.1 (*) 0.2
Africa	37.3	47.5	43.6	44.6
Morocco. Algeria. Tunisia. Libya b. United Arab Republic (Egypt Region). Sudan. Canary Islands. Spanish Africa, n.e.c. Cameroum. Western Equatorial Africa ² . Western Africa, n.e.c. ³ . Ghana b. Nigeria b. British West Africa, n.e.c. b. Madeira Islands. Angola. Western Portuguese Africa, n.e.c. Liberia. Republic of the Congo; and Ruanda-Urundi ⁴ . Somali Republic ⁵ . Ethiopia (Abyssinia). French Somaliland. Seychelles and Dependencies b. British East Africa b. Mozambique. Malagasy Republic ⁶ . Union of South Africa b. Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland b.	1.0 (*) (*) (*) (*) 0.4 0.4 (*) 0.1 0.2 1.5 1.6 2.4 (*) 0.3 4.1 0.1 2.4 6.9 0.1 1.0 (*) (*) (*) (*) 0.3 10.0	0.6 (*) (*) (*) 0.9 0.4 (*) 0.1 0.2 1.9 7.8 5.3 0.1 0.3 1.5 0.2 2.5 9.3 (*) 2.2 (*) (*) (*) 8.8 0.5	1.0 0.2 (*) (*) (*) 1.5 0.7 0.2 0.1 2.4 3.0 2.4 0.2 0.3 1.4 0.1 3.8 9.3 (*) 2.1 (*) 	0.9 0.1 (*) (*) 2.6 0.5 (*) 0.1 0.6 0.1 2.2 4.4 3.3 0.3 0.2 2.1 (*) 3.3 5.7 0.1 2.2 (*) (*) (*) 3.8 0.4 1.1 9.0
Unidentified continents ⁷	0.2	•••	•••	•••
Unidentified countries 7	0.2		•••	• • •

a Latin American Republics. bSterling area countries. cWestern Europe. dO.E.E.C. (Organization for European Economic Co-operation) countries. *Indicates less than \$50,000. lFor definitions of countries as used in this report, refer to current edition of Schedule C, Classification of Country Designations Used in Compiling the United States Foreign Trade Statistics. Country designation established effective July 1960. Formerly French Equatorial Africa. Country designation established effective July 1960. Formerly Belgian Congo. Country designation established effective July 1960. Formerly Belgian Congo. Country designation established effective July 1960. Includes areas formerly known as "Somaliland" and "British Somaliland." The data shown for periods prior to July 1960 reflect combined totals on United States export trade with Somaliland and British Somaliland. Country designation established effective July 1960. Formerly Madagascar. Countries which could not be identified because of illegible reporting on import entries for low-value shipments. See "Effect of Sampling" on page 1 of this report for definition of low-value shipments and statement regarding source of data.